



## TheLearningCentre

UNLOCK YOUR POTENTIAL



### Strategies for Teaching:

# English as an Additional Language (EAL)





#### Content

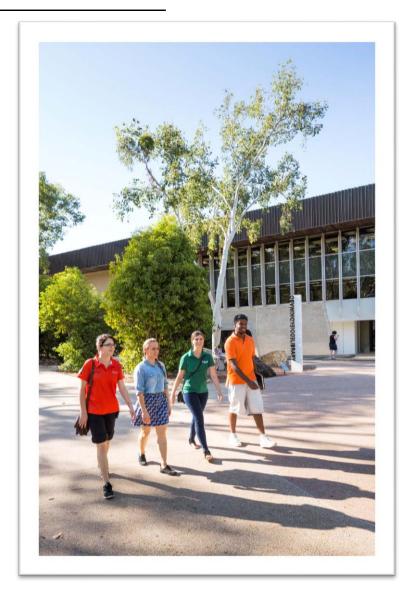


1. Overview of EAL realities

2. Common EAL comments

- 3. Pre-teach, Teach, Post-teach Strategy
  - Test-Teach-TestMethodology





#### Overview



- IELTS entry requirements
- 4 Skills: Reading, Writing, Listening, Speaking
- Overall IELTS score problematic
- Writing differences
- Authority
- Logic and paragraphing
- Accents and connected speech







- My lecturer speaks too fast! I can't understand what he is saying.
- When I take notes, she is already on a new point and I am lost.
- I have to listen to the lecture recording three or four times and I still don't understand everything.





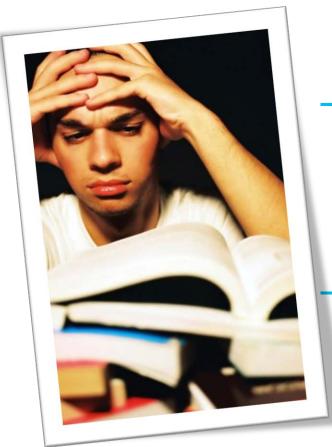


- The lecturer doesn't put the slides up till after the lecture. I can't check the new words and concepts before the lesson!
- The tutor uses slang and I can't understand it.
- The lecturer has such a strong accent!
- What is in the lecture and the text book is different!









- We don't do this type of assignment in my country, but the lecturer won't let me see an example. How am I supposed to know what to do?
  - The lecturer didn't make the task clear, then marked me down. How could I have known?





- I'm too scared to ask my lecturer for help.
- I asked my tutor for help but I still don't know what she was talking about.







## Pre-teach, Teach, Post-teach: An EAL Strategy





#### Pre-teach

- Importance of preparation
- Vocabulary development (Diary)
- Key Terms Logbook
- Dictionaries (Online / Bilingual)
- Pre-release content
- Summary practice





#### Teach - Lectures



- Signposting
- Guide their listening
- Field questions
- Modulate your speech
- Bold and highlight
- Declaratives
- Dot points a guide only
- Key terminology





#### Teach - Tutorials





- Avoid Closed Questions (yes/no)
- Use Open Questions (Wh?)
- Use the Test-Teach-Test Method
  - Don't assume a student has the basics





Test - by asking a comprehension question: "Tracey, what is adaptation?".

Don't spend time rehashing, move on.

When you ask a question that draws a blank move to the second section Teach.





Teach – Teach to the weakness, not the strength.

Ask a stronger student to explain the concept, or reiterate yourself in simple language:

"Adaptation is changing to suit an environment".





Test – Ask a weaker student to explain the concept in their own words.

Repetition ≠ indicate internalisation or understanding.





Principle: acquisition of language (or content) must follow the rule:

input + processing + output
 (repetitively/over time)

Principle: teach to weaknesses, not strengths.

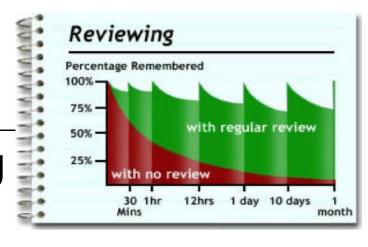
Danger: It is easier to teach to strengths as it allows the tutor to feel 'successful' and is not as intimidating as facing deficiencies.



#### Post-teach

- Review and solidify learning
- Rote vs understanding
- Key study questions identify a focus
- Summary writing
- Glossary
- Immediacy of audio
- Study Buddy
- Summary



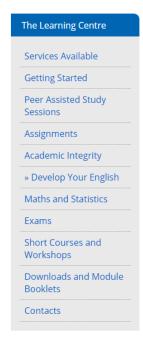




#### Resources



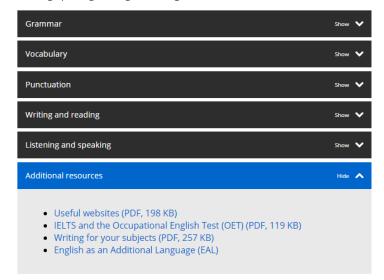






Here, you'll find a range of resources to help you develop your English for academic purposes.

Revise essential grammar, learn how to build your academic vocabulary, check the punctuation rules and learn how you can develop your essential language skills in listening, speaking, reading and writing.





#### Review



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